

TAVR in Intermediate Risk Patients: Update on the Outcomes

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**TCT Meeting
Washington DC
October 30, 2016**

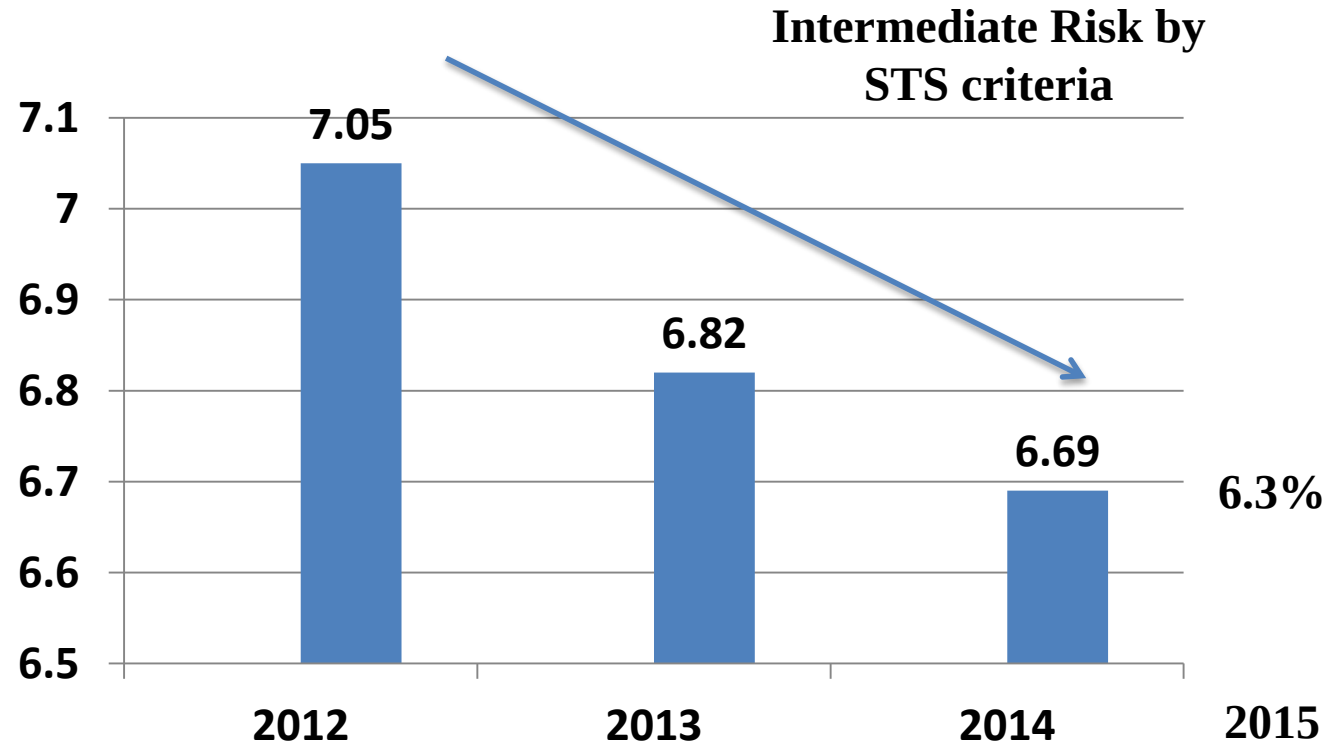
Disclosures

- **Abbott Medical**
 - Emory Co-PI: Coapt Trial
 - Consultant
- **Boston Scientific**
 - Emory PI: REPRISE Trial
- **Edwards Lifesciences**
 - National Co-PI: PARTNER 2 (SAPIEN 3 Trial)
 - Steering Committee: PARTNER 3
 - Emory PI: Cardiaq Trial
 - Consultant
- **Jenavalve**
 - National Co-PI
- **Medtronic**
 - Emory PI: SURTAVI Trial
- **St. Jude Medical**
 - Emory PI: Portico Trial (Steering Committee)

Introduction

- EU and US guidelines have stated that TAVR is the preferred or an alternative treatment to surgery in extreme risk (“inoperable”) and high risk patients with AS
- The penetrance of TAVR in these patient populations has increased steadily over the last several years
- In recent years, TAVR has moved into intermediate and lower risk patients ... *Is there data to support this?*

Median STS Risk Score for all TAVR Procedures



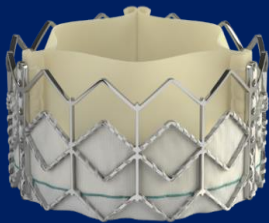
PARTNER SAPIEN Platforms

Device Evolution

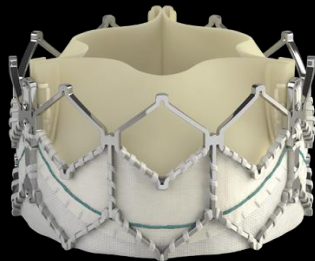


SAPIEN

Valve
Technology



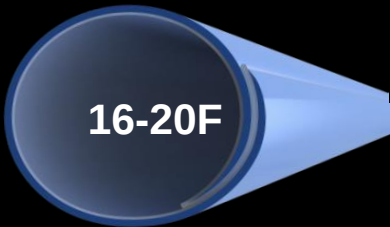
SAPIEN XT



SAPIEN 3



Sheath
Compatibility



Available
Valve Sizes



23 mm



26 mm



23mm



26mm



29mm*



20 mm



23 mm



26 mm



29 mm

*First Implant Oct 30, 2012

The PARTNER 2A Trial



The NEW ENGLAND
JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Transcatheter or Surgical Aortic-Valve Replacement in Intermediate-Risk Patients

Martin B. Leon, M.D., Craig R. Smith, M.D., Michael J. Mack, M.D.,
Raj R. Makkar, M.D., Lars G. Svensson, M.D., Ph.D., Susheel K. Kodali, M.D.,
Vinod H. Thourani, M.D., E. Murat Tuzcu, M.D., D. Craig Miller, M.D.,
Howard C. Herrmann, M.D., Darshan Doshi, M.D., David J. Cohen, M.D.,
Augusto D. Pichard, M.D., Samir Kapadia, M.D., Todd Dewey, M.D.,
Vasilis Babaliaros, M.D., Wilson Y. Szeto, M.D., Mathew R. Williams, M.D.,
Dean Kereiakes, M.D., Alan Zajarias, M.D., Kevin L. Greason, M.D.,
Brian K. Whisenant, M.D., Robert W. Hodson, M.D., Jeffrey W. Moses, M.D.,
Alfredo Trento, M.D., David L. Brown, M.D., William F. Fearon, M.D.,
Philippe Pibarot, D.V.M., Ph.D., Rebecca T. Hahn, M.D., Wael A. Jaber, M.D.,
William N. Anderson, Ph.D., Maria C. Alu, M.M., and John G. Webb, M.D.,
for the PARTNER 2 Investigators*

The PARTNER 2A Trial

Study Design



Symptomatic Severe Aortic Stenosis

ASSESSMENT by Heart Valve Team
Operable (STS $\geq$ 4%)

Randomized Patients
n = 2032

Yes

ASSESSMENT:
Transfemoral Access

No

Transfemoral (TF)

Transapical (TA) / TransAortic (TAo)

1:1 Randomization (n = 1550)

1:1 Randomization (n = 482)

TF TAVR
(n = 775)

vs.

Surgical AVR
(n = 775)

TA/TAo TAVR
(n = 236)

vs.

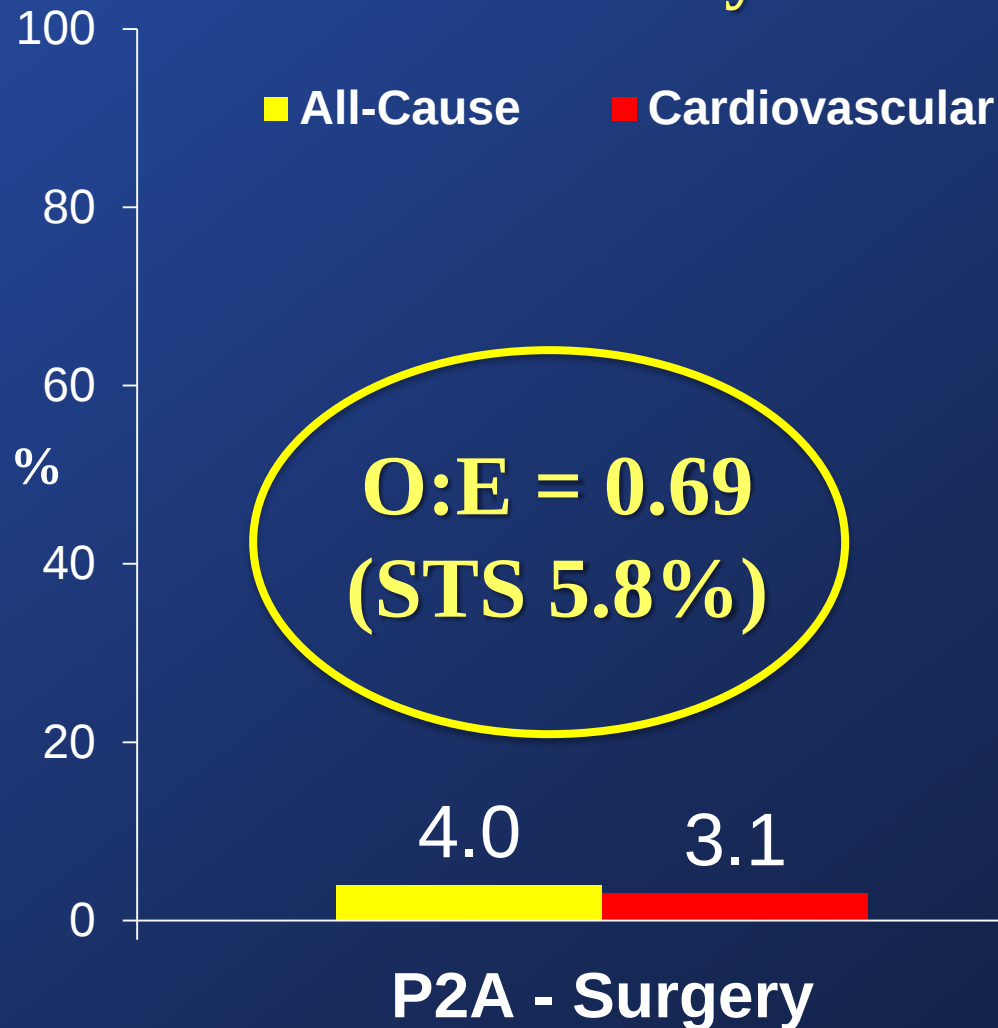
Surgical AVR
(n = 246)

Primary Endpoint: All-Cause Mortality or Disabling Stroke at Two Years

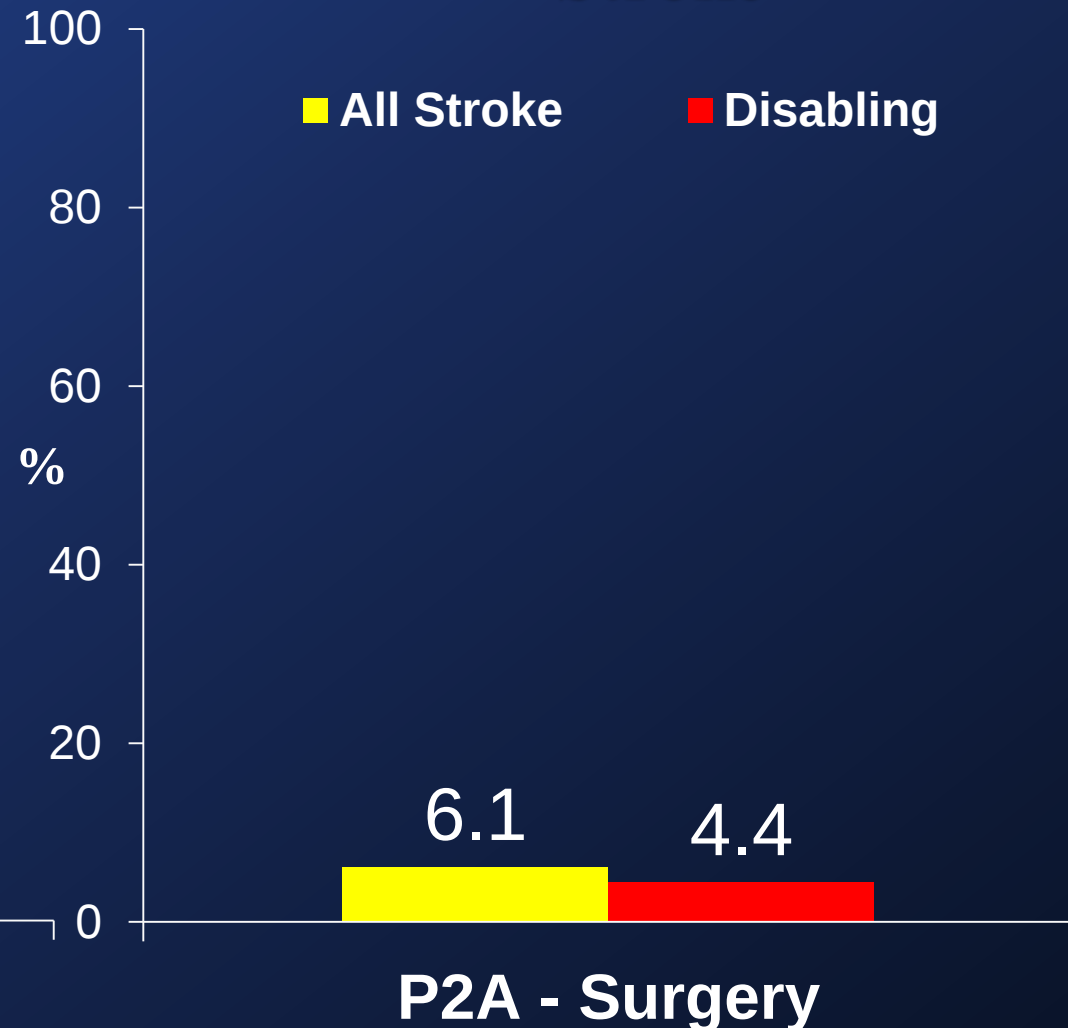
Mortality and Stroke: P2A Surgery At 30 Days (AT)



Mortality



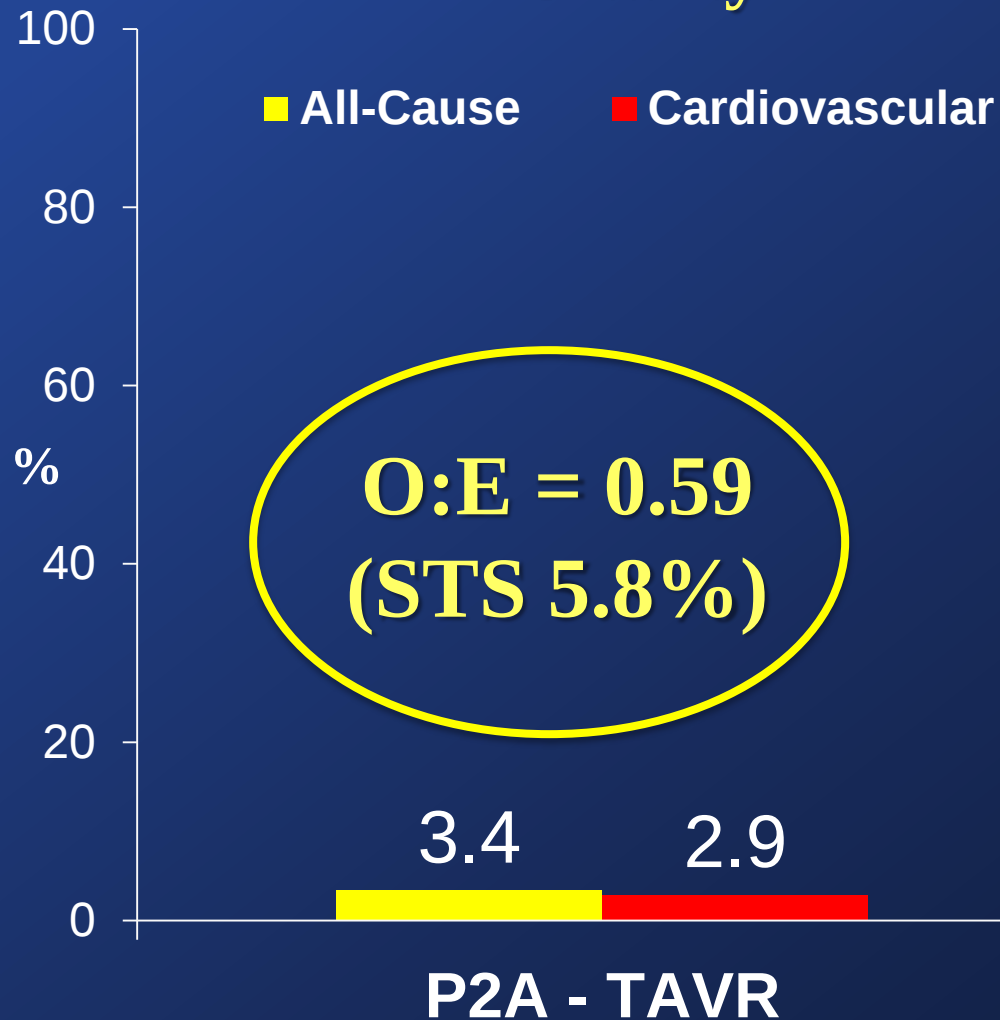
Stroke



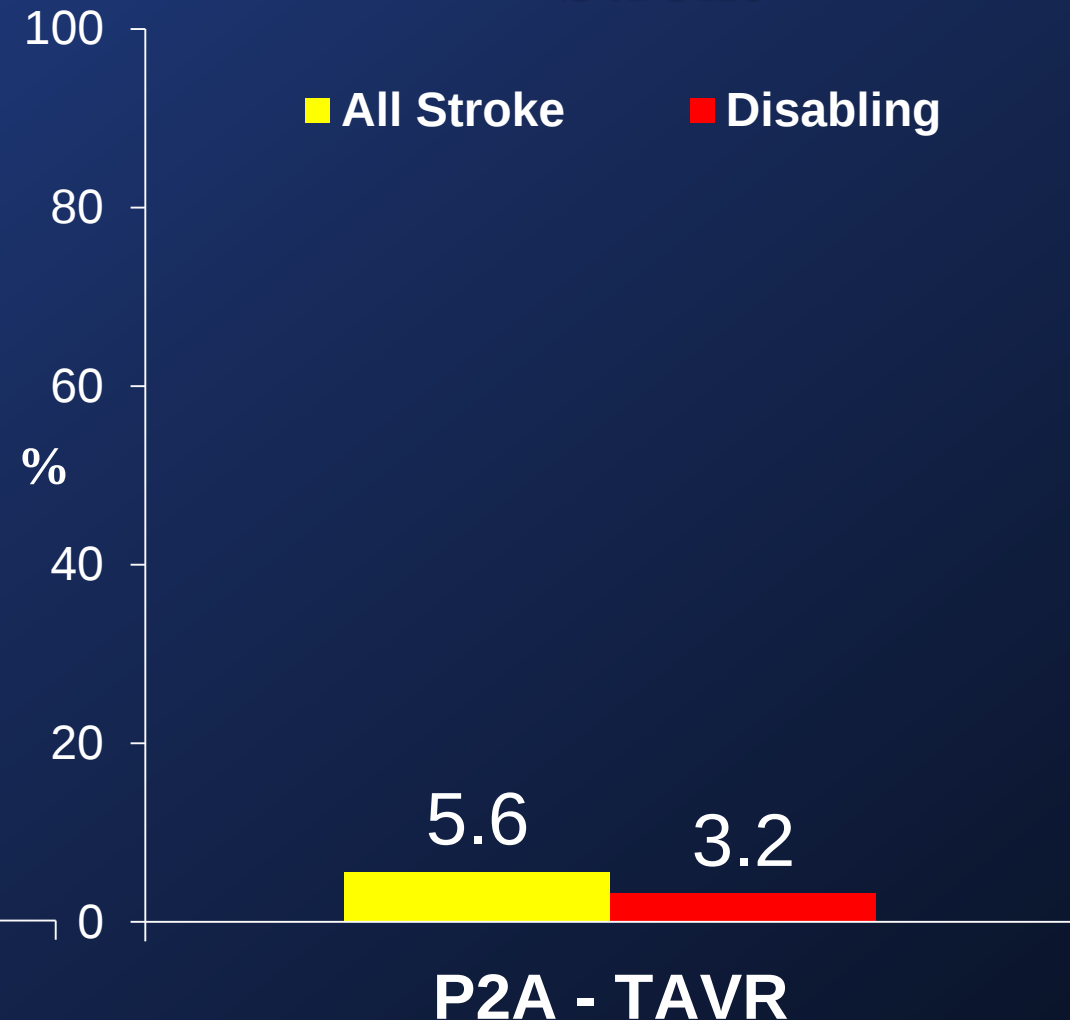
Mortality and Stroke: P2A SAPIEN XT At 30 Days (AT)



Mortality



Stroke



Procedural Characteristics (AT)

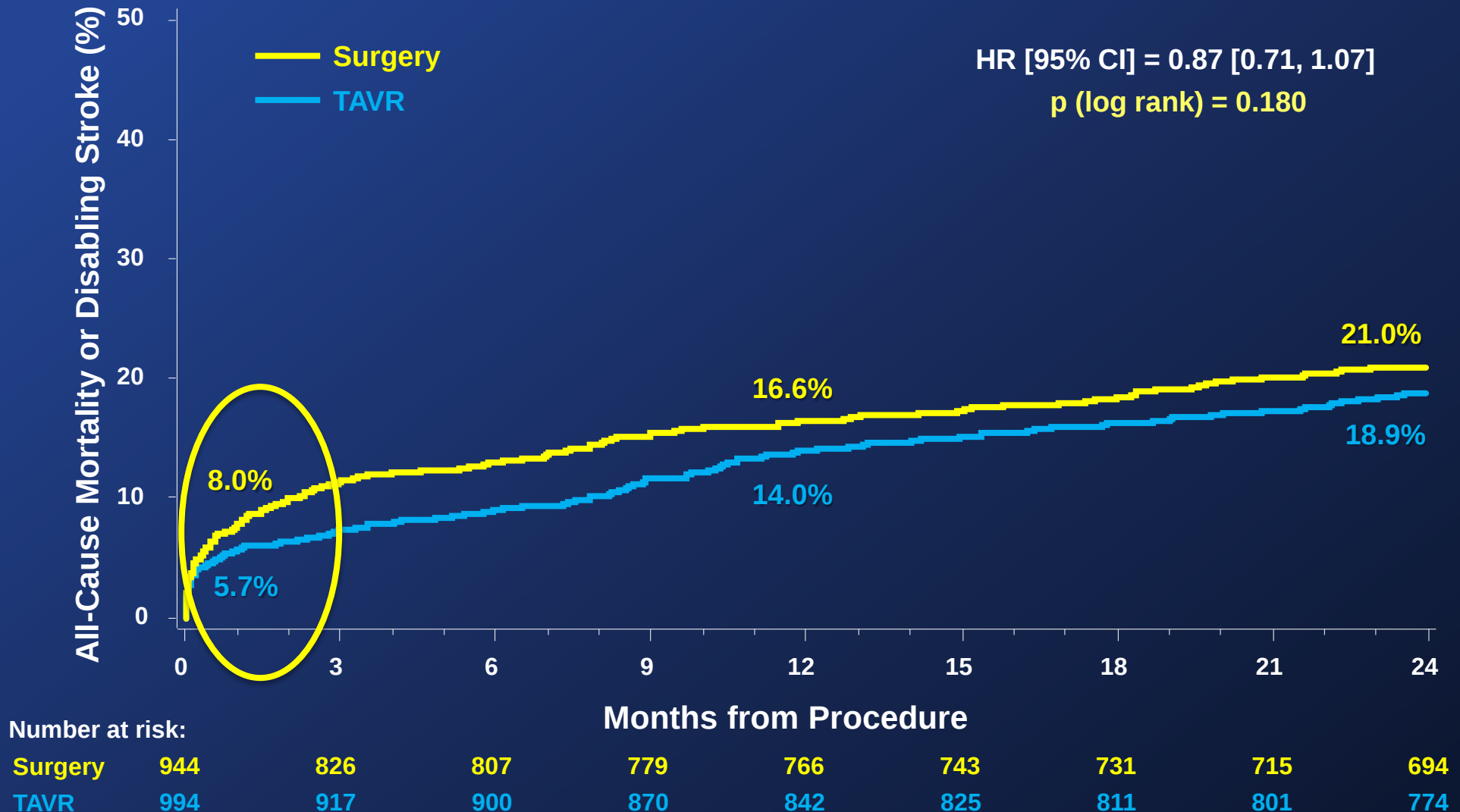


Characteristic	TAVR (n = 994)	Surgery (n = 944)	p-value
Anesthesia Time (min)	207	333	< 0.001
Procedure Time (min)	103	237	< 0.001
Fluoroscopy Time (min)	20	NA	NA
Aortic Cross-clamp Time (min)	NA	75	NA
Total CPB Time (min)	NA	104	NA
Median ICU Stay (days)	2.0 [2, 4]	4.0 [3, 6]	< 0.001
Median Total Length of Stay (days)	6.0 [4, 9]	9.0 [8, 14]	< 0.001

Median [IQR]

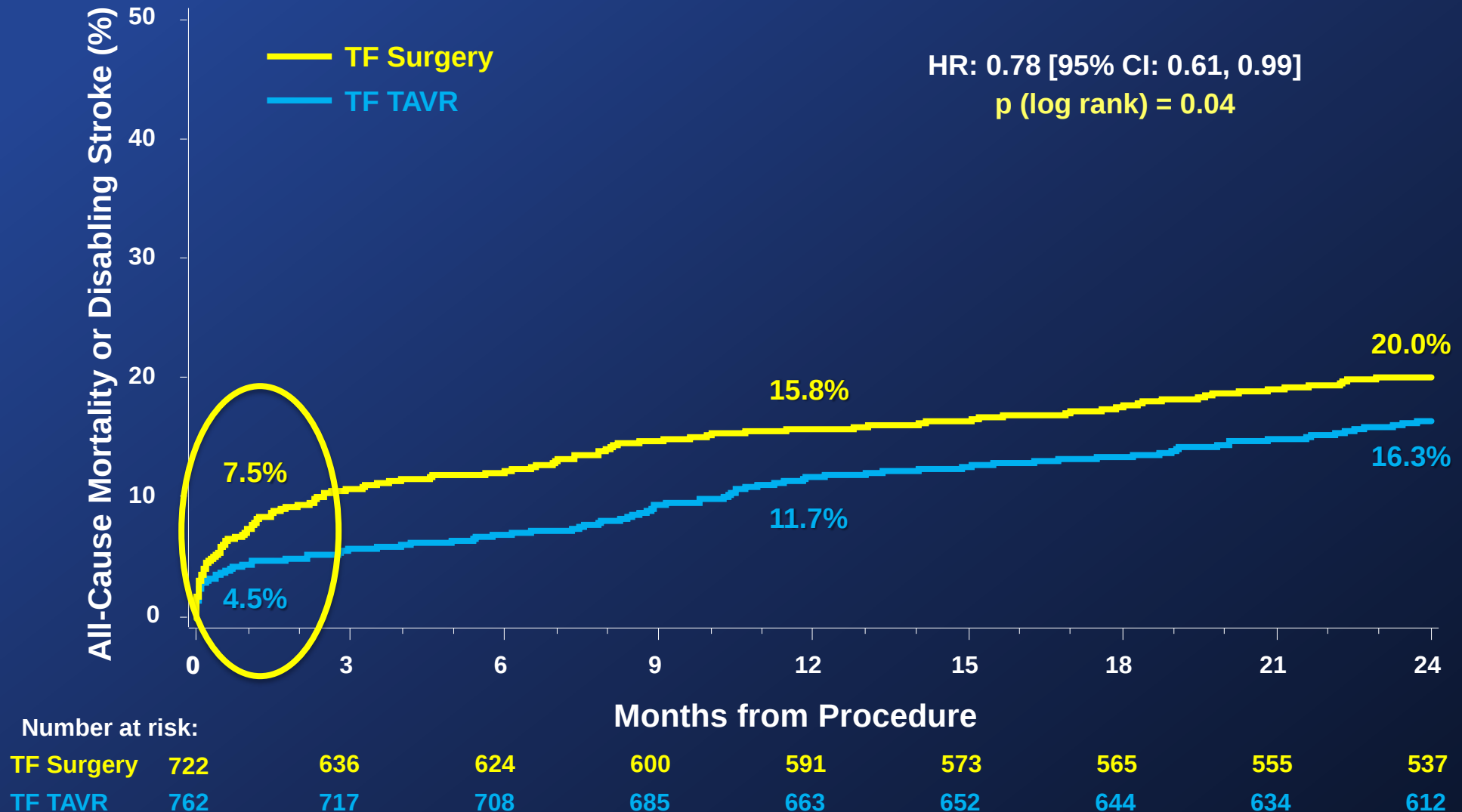
Primary Endpoint (AT)

All-Cause Mortality or Disabling Stroke



TF Primary Endpoint (AT)

All-Cause Mortality or Disabling Stroke



Other Clinical Endpoints (ITT)

At 30 Days and 2 Years



Events (%)	30 Days			2 Years		
	TAVR (n = 1011)	Surgery (n = 1021)	p-value*	TAVR (n = 1011)	Surgery (n = 1021)	p-value*
Rehospitalization	6.5	6.5	0.99	19.6	17.3	0.22
MI	1.2	1.9	0.22	3.6	4.1	0.56
Major Vascular Complications	7.9	5.0	0.008	8.6	5.5	0.006
Life-Threatening / Disabling Bleeding	10.4	43.4	<0.001	17.3	47.0	<0.001
AKI (Stage III)	1.3	3.1	0.006	3.8	6.2	0.02
New Atrial Fibrillation	9.1	26.4	<0.001	11.3	27.3	<0.001
New Permanent Pacemaker	8.5	6.9	0.17	11.8	10.3	0.29
Re-intervention	0.4	0.0	0.05	1.4	0.6	0.09
Endocarditis	0.0	0.0	NA	1.2	0.7	0.22

*Event rates are KM estimates, p-values are point in time

SAPIEN Platforms in PARTNER

Device Evolution

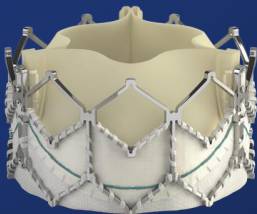
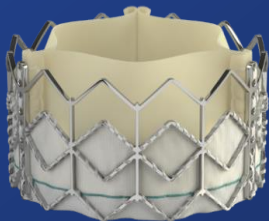


SAPIEN

SAPIEN XT

SAPIEN 3

Valve Technology



Sheath Compatibility



Available Valve Sizes



23 mm



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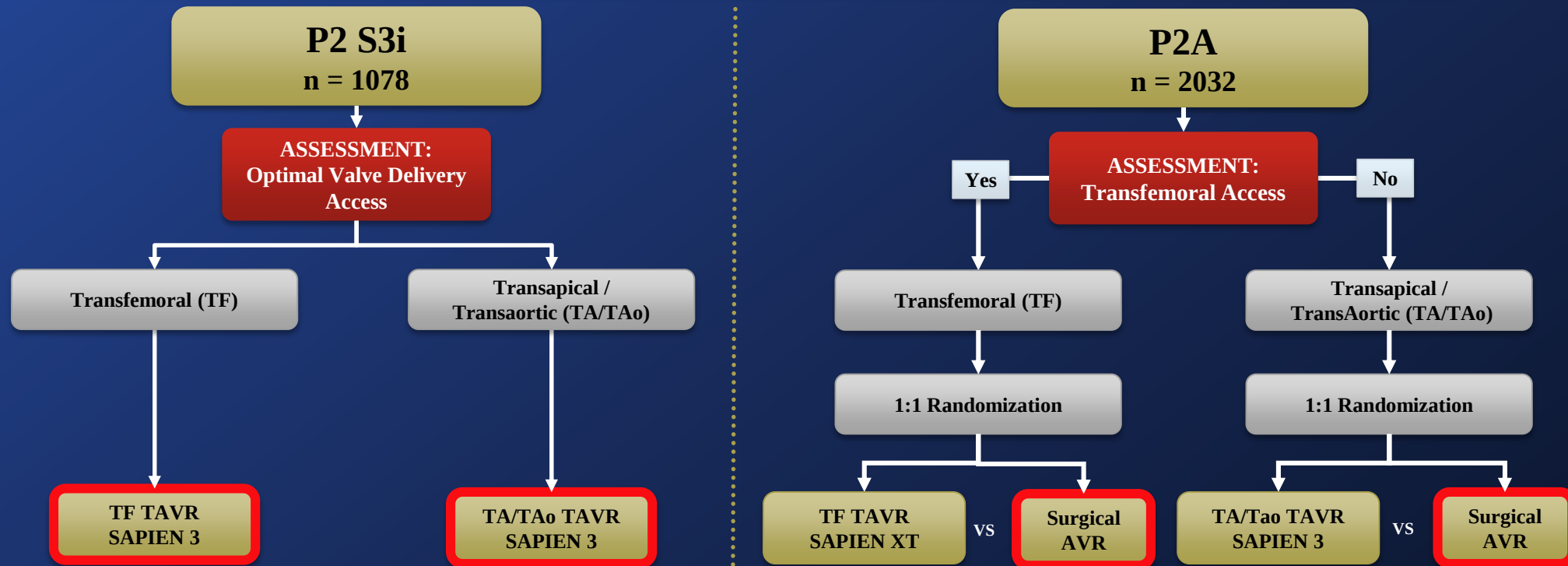
The PARTNER 2A and S3i Trials

Study Design



Intermediate Risk Symptomatic Severe Aortic Stenosis

Intermediate Risk ASSESSMENT by Heart Valve Team



Primary Endpoint: All-Cause Mortality, All Stroke, or Mod/Sev AR at One Year
(Non-inferiority Propensity Score Analysis)

Baseline Patient Characteristics

S3i Patients

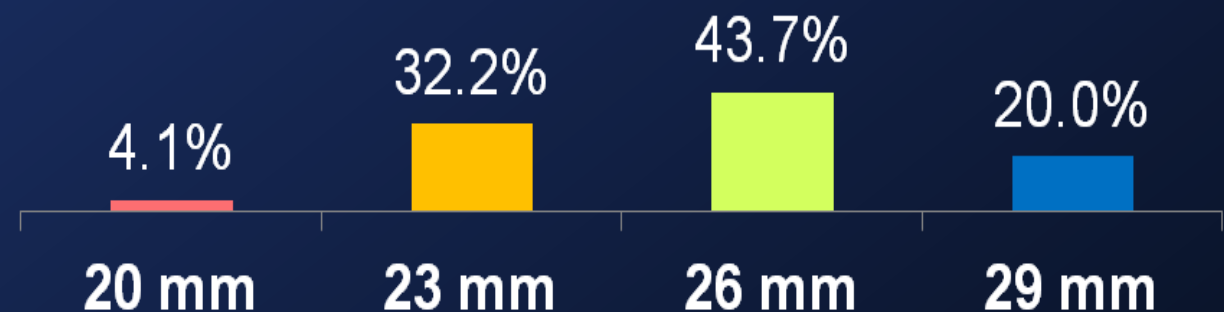
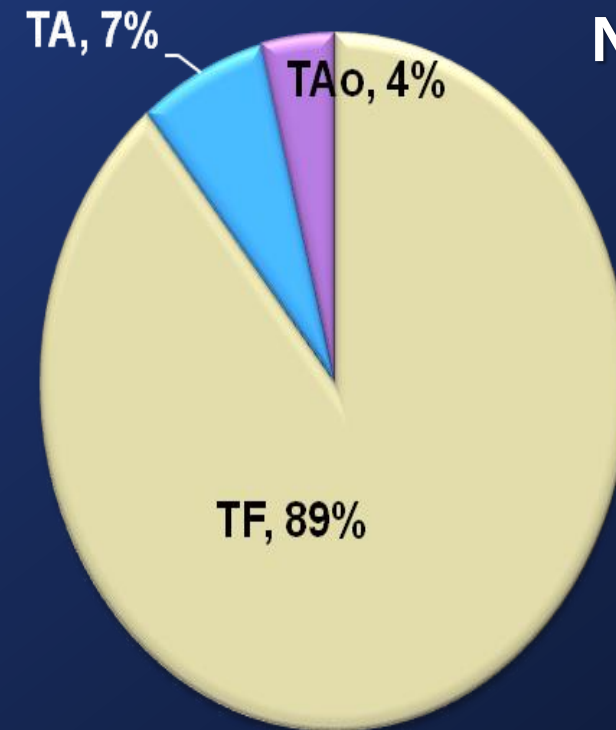
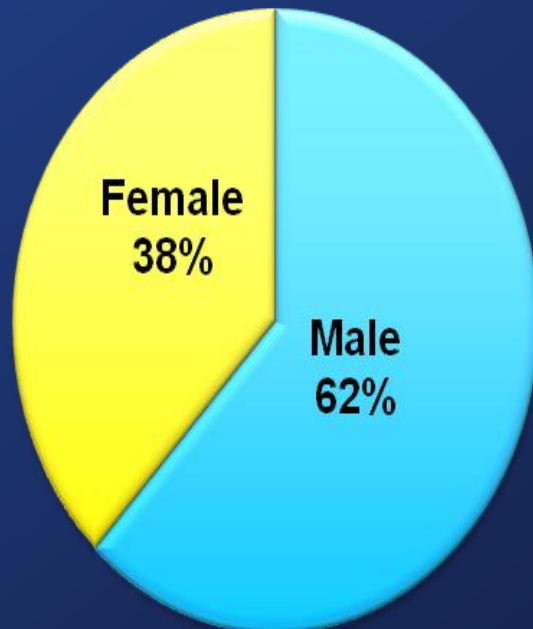


THE
PARTNER II
TRIAL

Average STS = **5.3%**
(Median 5.2%)

Average Age = **81.9yrs**

N = 1,076

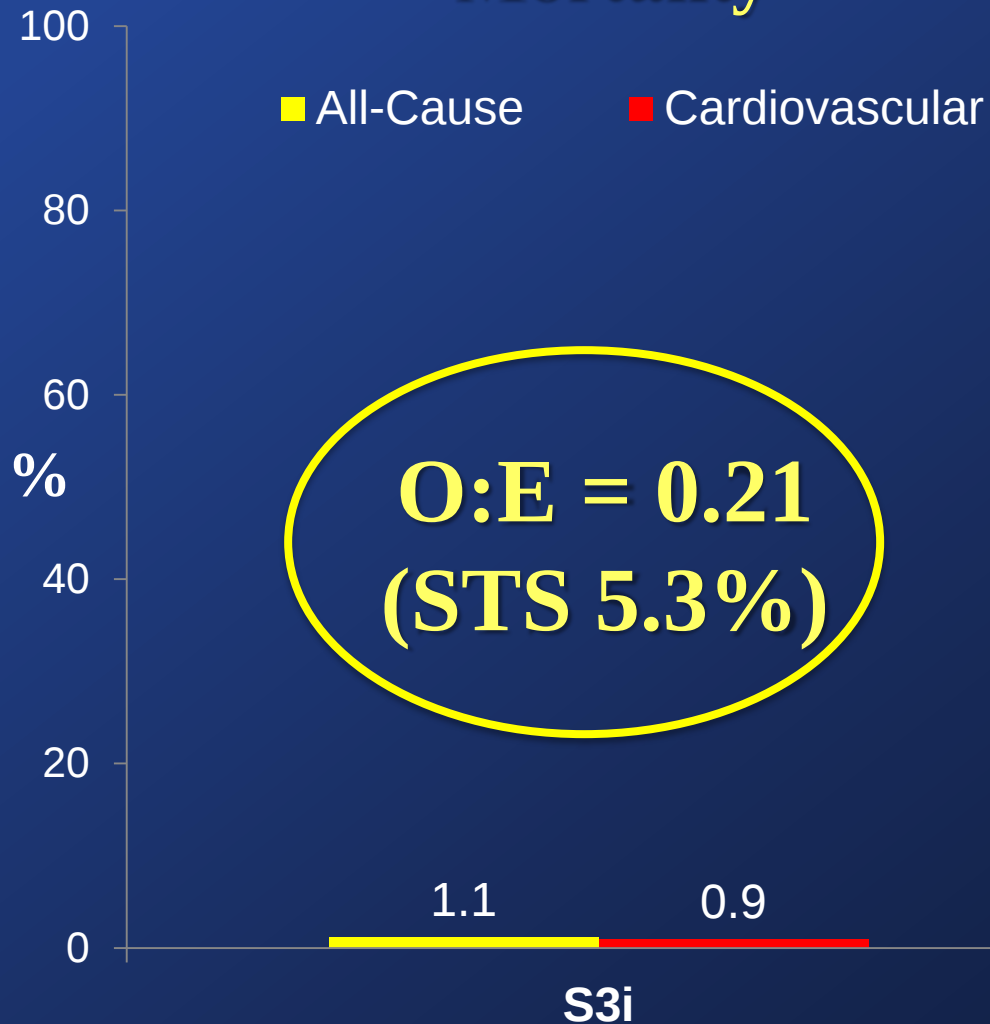


Mortality and Stroke: S3i

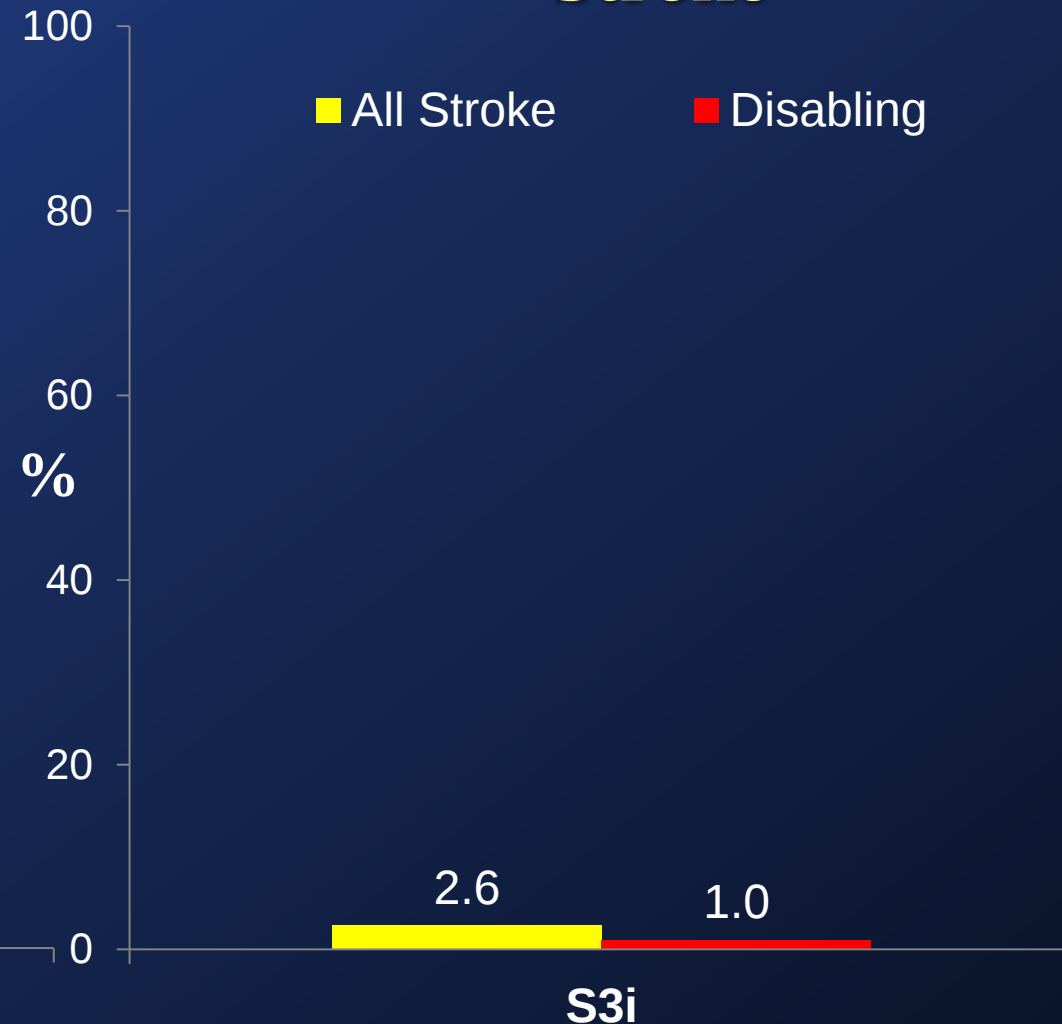
At 30 Days (As Treated Patients)



Mortality



Stroke



The PARTNER 2 - S3i Trial

The Lancet On-line



Transcatheter aortic valve replacement versus surgical valve replacement in intermediate-risk patients: a propensity score analysis



Vinod H Thourani, Susheel Kodali, Raj R Makkar, Howard C Herrmann, Mathew Williams, Vasilis Babaliaros, Richard Smalling, Scott Lim, S Chris Malaisrie, Samir Kapadia, Wilson Y Szeto, Kevin L Greason, Dean Kereiakes, Gorav Ailawadi, Brian K Whisenant, Chandan Devireddy, Jonathon Leipsic, Rebecca T Hahn, Philippe Pibarot, Neil J Weissman, Wael A Jaber, David J Cohen, Rakesh Suri, E Murat Tuzcu, Lars G Svensson, John G Webb, Jeffrey W Moses, Michael J Mack, D Craig Miller, Craig R Smith, Maria C Alu, Rupa Parvataneni, Ralph B D'Agostino Jr, Martin B Leon

Lancet 2016

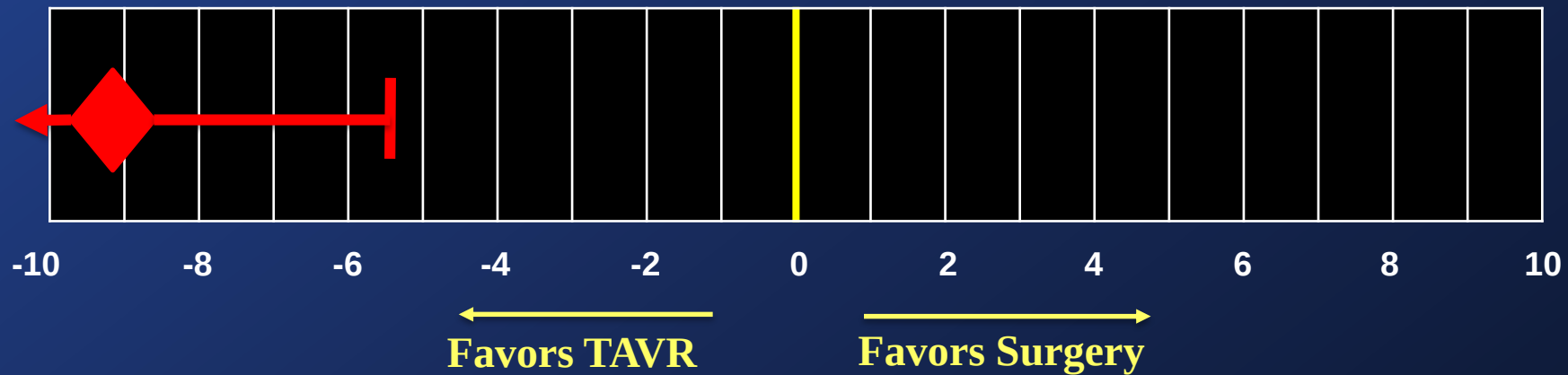
Primary Endpoint - Superiority

Death, Stroke, or AR $\geq$ Mod at 1 Year (VI)



Weighted Difference -9.2%
Upper 2-sided 95.0% CI -5.4%

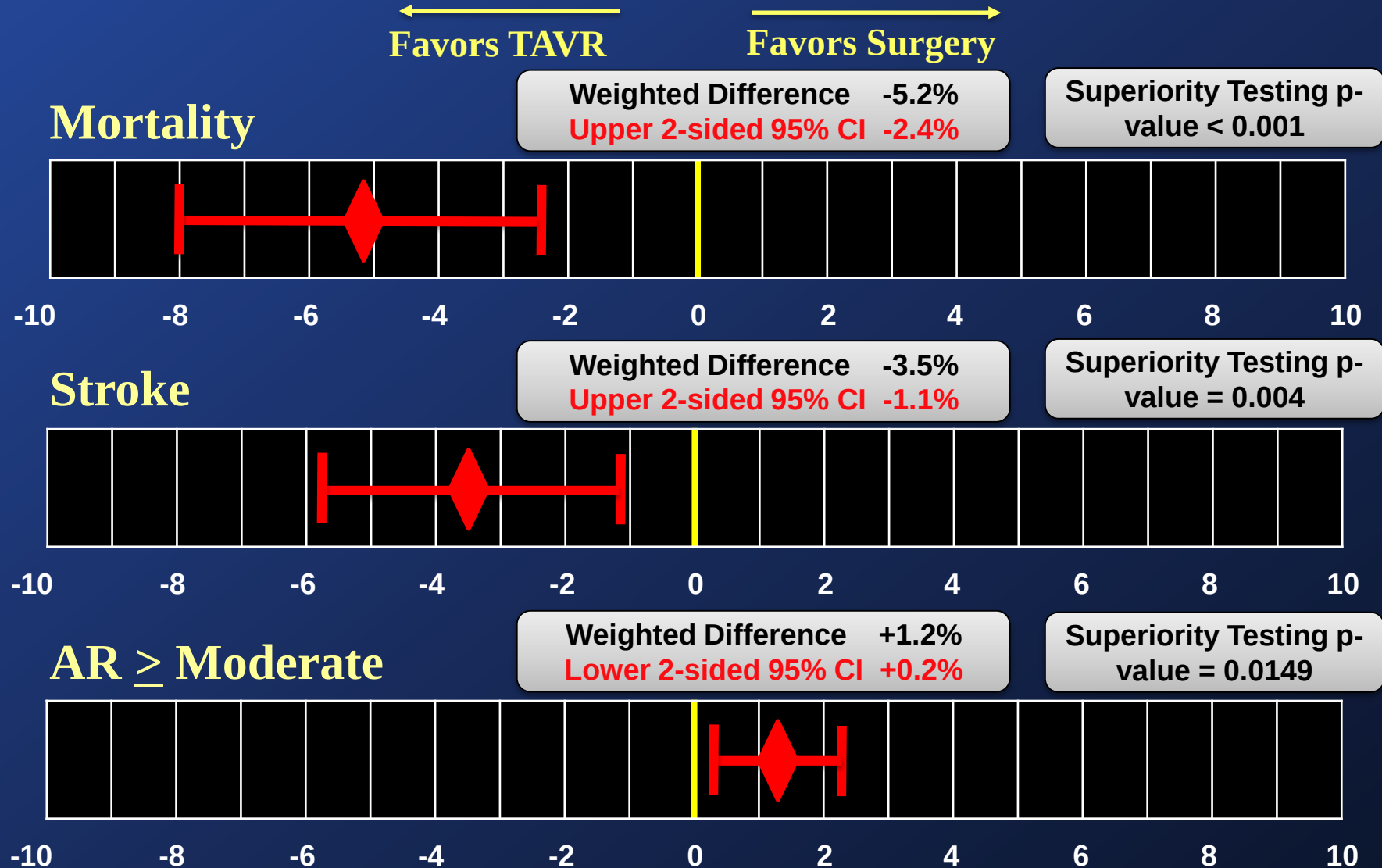
Superiority Testing p-value < 0.001



Superiority Achieved

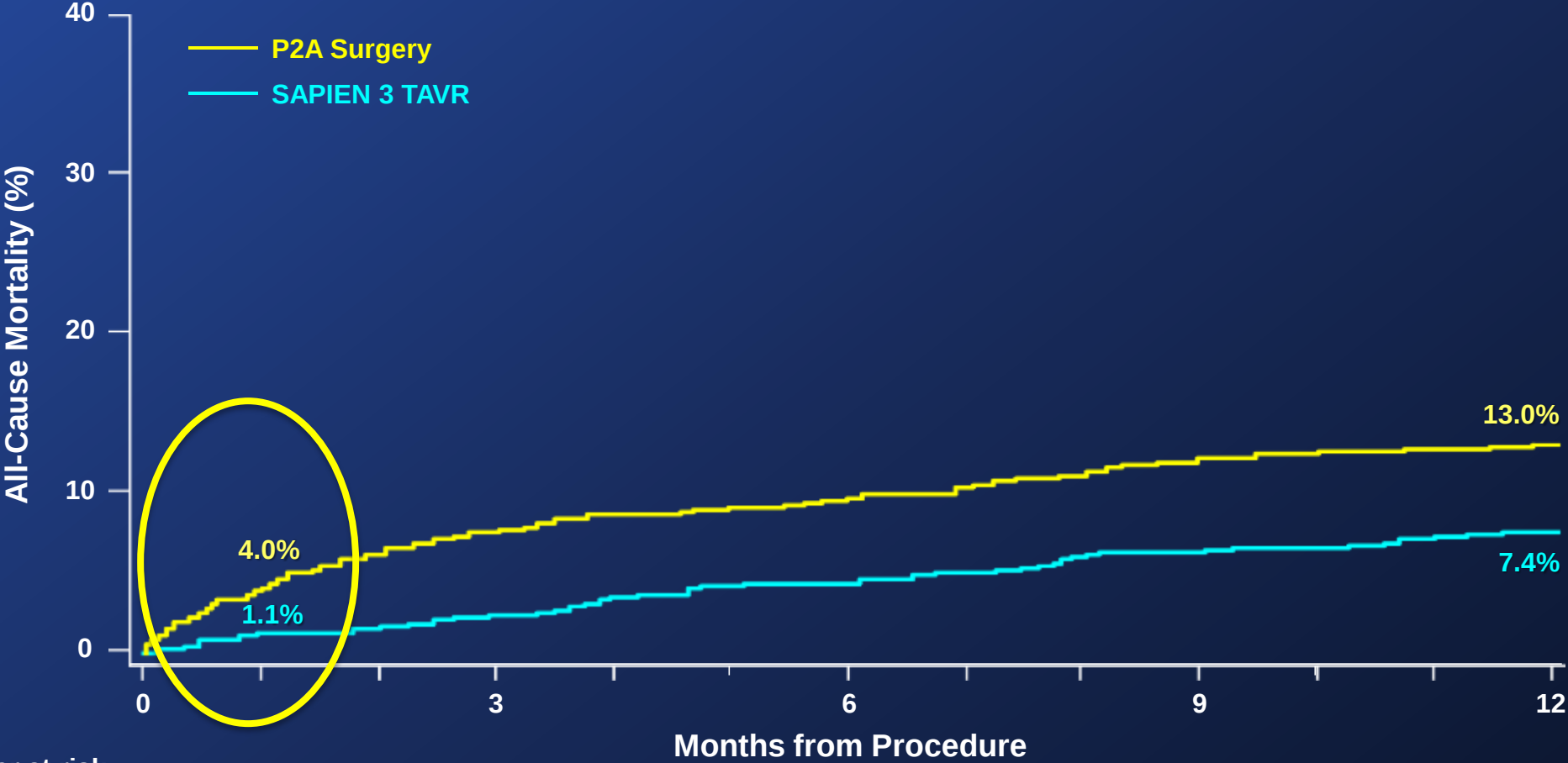
Superiority Analysis

Components of Primary Endpoint (VI)



Unadjusted Time-to-Event Analysis

All-Cause Mortality (AT)

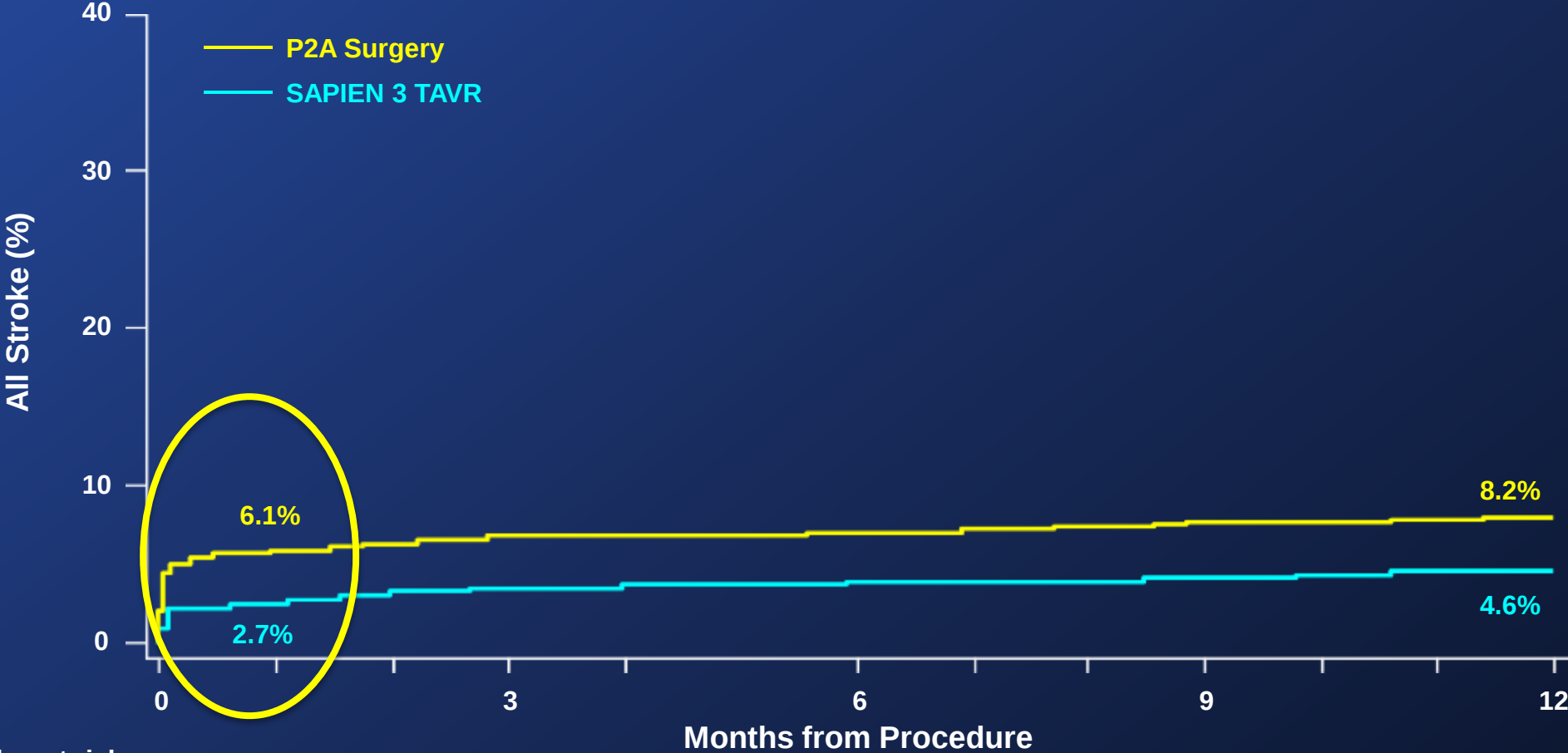


Number at risk:

P2A Surgery	944	859	836	808	795
S3 TAVR	1077	1043	1017	991	963

Unadjusted Time-to-Event Analysis

All Stroke (AT)



Number at risk:

P2A Surgery	944	805	786	757	743
S3 TAVR	1077	1012	987	962	930

Other Unadjusted Clinical Outcomes

At 30 Days and 1 Year (AT)



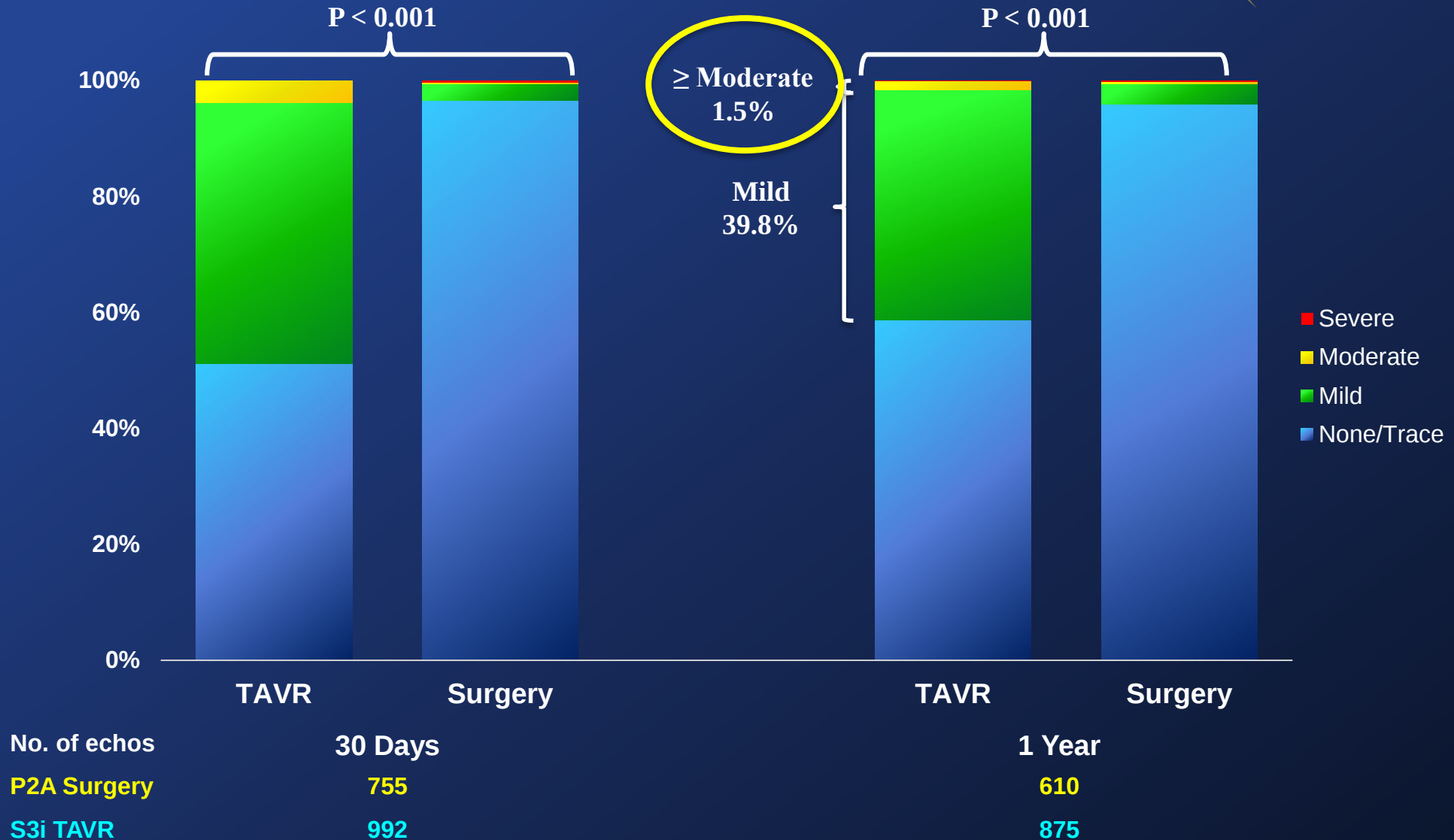
Events (%)	30 Days		1 Year	
	TAVR (n = 1077)	Surgery (n = 944)	TAVR (n = 1077)	Surgery (n = 944)
Re-hospitalization	4.6	6.8	11.4	15.1
MI	0.3	1.9	1.8	3.1
Major Vascular Complication	6.1	5.4	---	---
AKI (Stage III)	0.5	3.3	---	---
Life-Threatening/Disabling Bleeding	4.6	46.7	---	---
New Atrial Fibrillation	5.0	28.3	5.9	29.2
New Permanent Pacemaker	10.2	7.3	12.4	9.4
Re-intervention	0.1	0.0	0.6	0.5
Endocarditis	0.2	0.0	0.8	0.7

Paravalvular Regurgitation

3-Class Grading Scheme (VI)



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PARTNER II
TRIAL



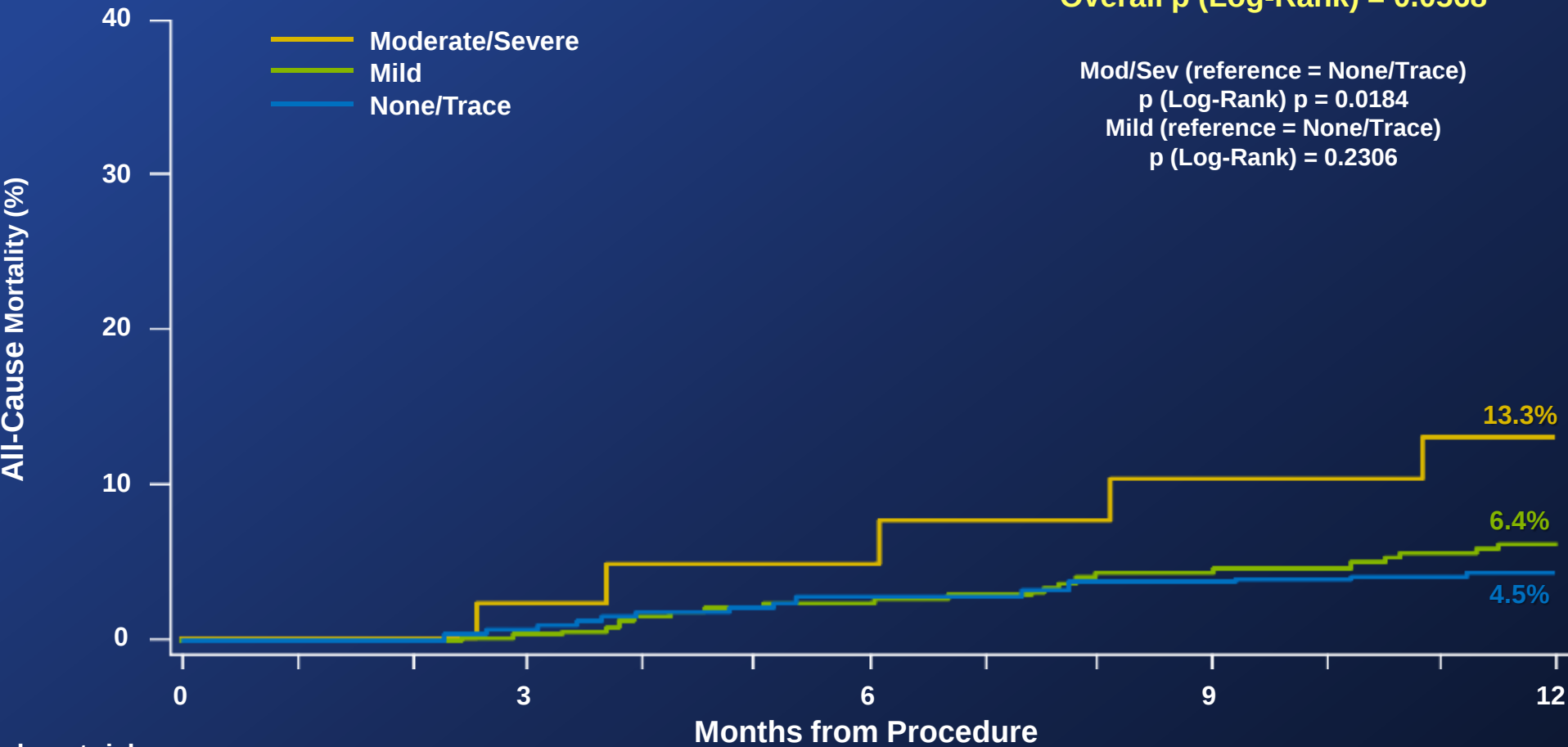
Mortality by PVR Severity

S3i (VI)



Overall p (Log-Rank) = 0.0568

Mod/Sev (reference = None/Trace)
p (Log-Rank) p = 0.0184
Mild (reference = None/Trace)
p (Log-Rank) = 0.2306



Number at risk:

Mod/Sev 38
Mild 446
None/Trace 508

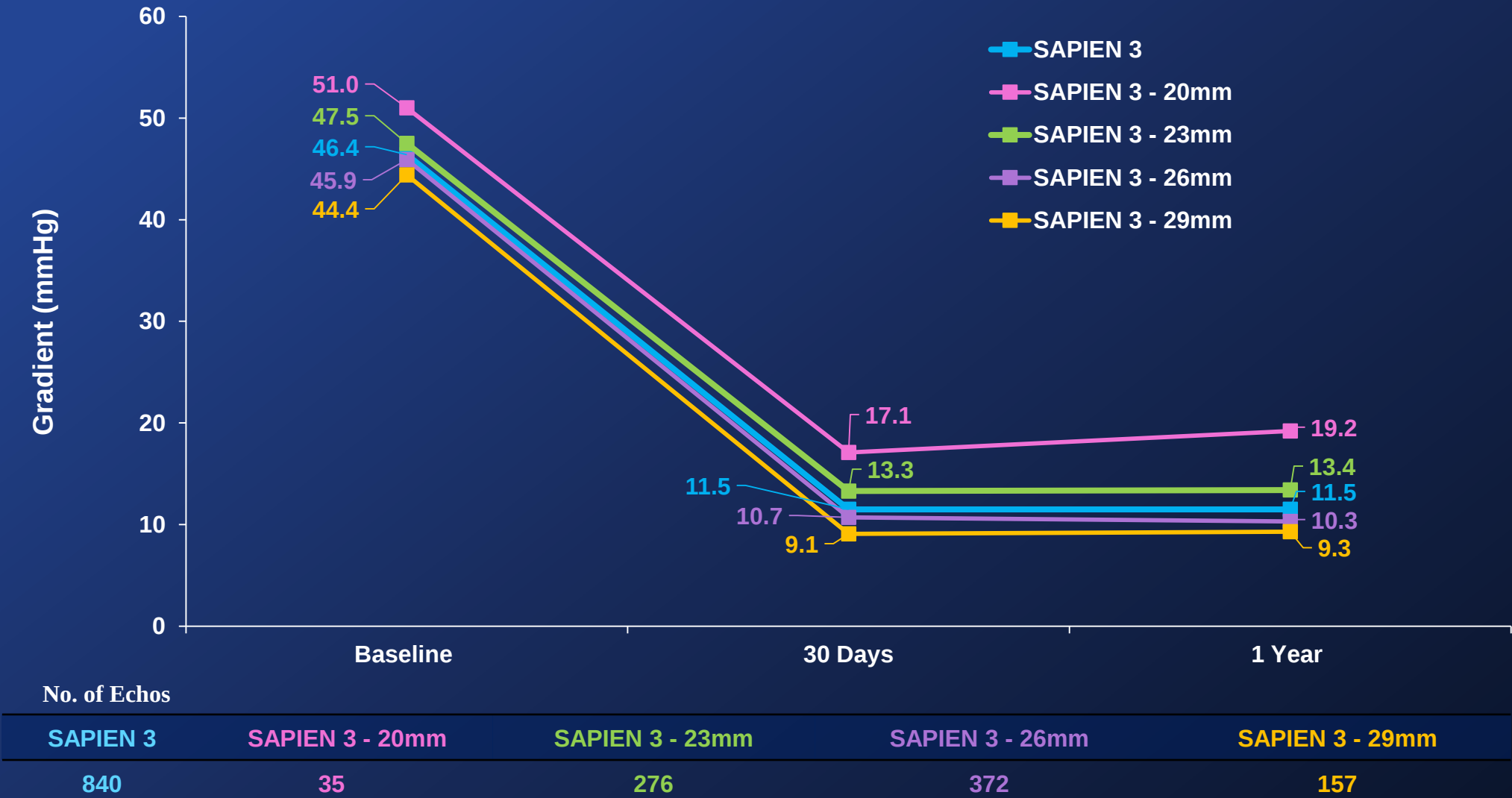
37
440
503

36
430
492

33
419
484

31
406
474

Echocardiographic Findings: Mean Gradients (VI)



The PARTNER 2A and S3i Trials

Clinical Implications



The conclusions from the PARTNER 2A randomized trial and the S3i propensity score analysis (~3,000 pts) provide strong evidence that in intermediate-risk patients with severe AS, SAPIEN 3 TAVR when compared with surgery improves clinical outcomes and may be the preferred therapy

Thanks

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